TOPIC

Mathematics – Section I – Question 10

QUESTION

To find the value of π , a scientist inscribes a *n*-sided polygon in a circle of diameter 1. The perimeter of the regular polygon is the value of π for $n \to \infty$. The approximate value of π by using a 6-sided regular polygon is

- (A) 3.000
- (B) 3.142
- (C) 3.232
- (D) 3.464

HINT

The angle subtended by each side of the polygon is $\varphi = \frac{2\pi}{n}$. The length of each side is $s = 2r \sin \frac{\varphi}{2}$, where r is the radius of the circle.

SOLUTION

The angle subtended by each side of the regular polygon is

$$\varphi = \frac{2\pi}{n}$$

The length s of each side of the regular polygon then is

$$s = 2r \sin \frac{\varphi}{2}$$

For n = 6,

$$\varphi = \frac{2\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

and a circle of diameter 1,

$$r = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$s = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right)$$

$$= 0.50000$$

The perimeter of the 6-sided regular polygon is

$$p = ns$$

= 6×0.5000
= 3.000

ANSWER

(A)

CONTRIBUTOR

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